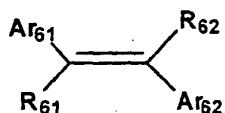


What is claimed is:

1. An electroluminescent material represented by the following Formula D1:

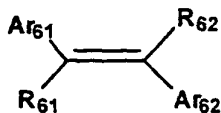
Formula D1



wherein Ar₆₁ and Ar₆₂ are each an aryl group or an aromatic heterocyclic group; R₆₁ and R₆₂ are each a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of Ar₆₁, Ar₆₂, R₆₁ and R₆₂ is a biaryl group having a bond capable of giving an internal rotational isomerism or a group making the biaryl group, provided that adjacent substituent groups existing in the molecule represented by formula D1 may be condensed with each other to form a ring.

2. An electroluminescence element comprising an electroluminescent material and an inorganic fluorescent substance capable of emitting light having a wavelength of a maximum emission different from that of light emitted from the electroluminescent material upon absorption of the light emitted from the electroluminescent material, and the electroluminescent material is a compound represented by the following Formula D1:

Formula D1



wherein Ar₆₁ and Ar₆₂ are each an aryl group or an aromatic heterocyclic group; R₆₁ and R₆₂ are each a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of Ar₆₁, Ar₆₂, R₆₁ and R₆₂ is a biaryl group having a bond capable of giving an internal rotational isomerism or a group making the biaryl group, provided that adjacent substituent groups existing in the molecule represented by formula D1 may be condensed with each other to form a ring.

3. The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein said inorganic fluorescent substance is an inorganic fluorescent substance prepared by a Sol-Gel method.

4. The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from said inorganic fluorescent substance is within a range of from 400 nm to 700 nm.

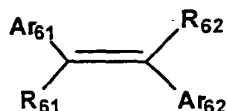
5. The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from said inorganic fluorescent substance is within a range of from 600 nm to 700 nm.

6. The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from the electroluminescent material is not more than 430 nm.

7. The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of light emitted from the electroluminescent material is within a range of from 400 to 430 nm.

8. An electroluminescent element which comprises an electroluminescent material and a rare earth metal complex capable of emitting light having a wavelength of maximum emission different from that of light emitted from the electroluminescent material upon absorption of the light emitted from the electroluminescent material and the electroluminescent material is a compound represented by the following Formula D1:

Formula D1



wherein Ar₆₁ and Ar₆₂ are each an aryl group or an aromatic heterocyclic group; R₆₁ and R₆₂ are each a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of Ar₆₁, Ar₆₂, R₆₁ and R₆₂ is a biaryl group having a bond capable of giving an internal

rotational isomerism or a group making the biaryl group, provided that adjacent substituent groups existing in the molecule represented by formula D1 may be condensed with each other to form a ring.

9. The electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from the rare earth metal complex is within a range of from 400 nm to 700 nm.

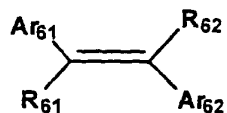
10. The electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from the rare earth metal complex is within a range of from 600 nm to 700 nm.

11. The electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from the electroluminescent material is not more than 430 nm.

12. The electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of light emitted from the electroluminescent material is within a range of from 400 nm to 430 nm.

13. An electroluminescent element comprising an anode and a cathode and a compound represented by the following Formula D1:

Formula D1



wherein Ar_{61} and Ar_{62} are each an aryl group or an aromatic heterocyclic group; R_{61} and R_{62} are each a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of Ar_{61} , Ar_{62} , R_{61} and R_{62} is a biaryl group having a bond capable of giving an internal rotational isomerism or a group making the biaryl group, provided that adjacent substituent groups existing in the molecule represented by formula D1 may be condensed with each other to form a ring.